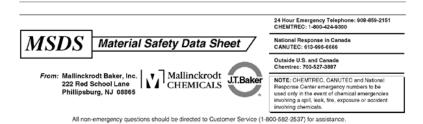
MSDS Number: C1188 \* \* \* \* \* Effective Date: 11/21/08 \* \* \* \* \* Supercedes: 01/13/06



# DIETHYLENETRIAMINE PENTAACETIC ACID

### 1. Product Identification

Synonyms: (Diethylenetrinitrilo) pentaacetic acid; DTPA; [[(Carboxymethyl)imino]bis(ethylene nitrilo)] tetraacetic

acid,

CAS No.: 67-43-6

Molecular Weight: 393.35

Chemical Formula: [ (HOOCCH2) 2NCH2CH2]2 NCH2COOH

Product Codes: J.T. Baker: E376 Mallinckrodt: E117

### 2. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Ingredient	CAS No	Percent	Hazardous
Diethylenetriamine Pentaacetic Acid	67-43-6	90 - 100%	Yes
Nitrilotriacetic Acid	139-13-9	< 0.2%	Yes

# 3. Hazards Identification

#### Emergency Overview

WARNING! MAY BE HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED, INHALED OR ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN. CAUSES IRRITATION TO SKIN, EYES AND RESPIRATORY TRACT. AFFECTS KIDNEYS AND BLADDER. POSSIBLE CANCER HAZARD. MAY CAUSE CANCER BASED ON ANIMAL DATA. (contains Nitrilotriaacetic acid) Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

SAF-T-DATA<sup>(tm)</sup> Ratings (Provided here for your convenience)

Health Rating: 1 - Slight (Cancer) Flammability Rating: 1 - Slight Reactivity Rating: 0 - None Contact Rating: 2 - Moderate

Lab Protective Equip: GOGGLES; LAB COAT; PROPER GLOVES

Storage Color Code: Green (General Storage)

Storage Color Code: Green (General Storage)

### Potential Health Effects

Information on the human health effects from exposure to this substance is limited.

#### Inhalation:

Causes irritation to the respiratory tract. Symptoms may include coughing, shortness of breath.

#### Ingestion:

Large oral doses may cause irritation to the gastrointestinal tract.

### Skin Contact:

Causes irritation to skin. Symptoms include redness, itching, and pain.

### Eye Contact:

Causes irritation, redness, and pain.

#### Chronic Exposure:

Repeated exposure to nitrilotriacetic acid may cause kidney damage and alter genetic material.

Aggravation of Pre-existing Conditions:

#### 4. First Aid Measures

#### Inhalation:

Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.

#### Ingestion:

Induce vomiting immediately as directed by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention.

#### Skin Contact:

Immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

#### Eve Contact:

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, lifting lower and upper eyelids occasionally. Get medical attention immediately.

### 5. Fire Fighting Measures

#### Fire:

As with most organic solids, fire is possible at elevated temperatures or by contact with an ignition source. **Explosion:** 

Fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard.

#### Fire Extinguishing Media:

Water spray, dry chemical, alcohol foam, or carbon dioxide.

### Special Information:

In the event of a fire, wear full protective clothing and NIOSH-approved self-contained breathing apparatus with full facepiece operated in the pressure demand or other positive pressure mode.

### 6. Accidental Release Measures

Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate area of leak or spill. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment as specified in Section 8. Spills: Clean up spills in a manner that does not disperse dust into the air. Use non-sparking tools and equipment. Reduce airborne dust and prevent scattering by moistening with water. Pick up spill for recovery or disposal and place in a closed container. US Regulations (CERCLA) require reporting spills and releases to soil, water and air in excess of reportable quantities. The toll free number for the US Coast Guard National Response Center is (800) 424-8802.

# 7. Handling and Storage

Keep in a tightly closed container, stored in a cool, dry, ventilated area. Protect against physical damage. Wear special protective equipment (Sec. 8) for maintenance break—in or where exposures may exceed established exposure levels. Wash hands, face, forearms and neck when exiting restricted areas. Shower, dispose of outer clothing, change to clean garments at the end of the day. Avoid cross—contamination of street clothes. Wash hands before eating and do not eat, drink, or smoke in workplace. Isolate from incompatible substances. Avoid dust formation and control ignition sources. Employ grounding, venting and explosion relief provisions in accord with accepted engineering practices in any process capable of generating dust and/or static electricity. Empty only into inert or non—flammable atmosphere. Emptying contents into a non—inert atmosphere where flammable vapors may be present could cause a flash fire or explosion due to electrostatic discharge. Containers of this material may be hazardous when empty since they retain product residues (dust, solids); observe all warnings and precautions listed for the product.

### 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

#### Airborne Exposure Limits:

None established.

#### Ventilation System:

A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures as low as possible. Local exhaust ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at its source, preventing dispersion of it into the general work area. Please refer to the ACGIH document, *Industrial Ventilation, A Manual of Recommended Practices*, most recent edition, for details.

### Personal Respirators (NIOSH Approved):

For conditions of use where exposure to dust or mist is apparent and engineering controls are not feasible, a particulate respirator (NIOSH type N95 or better filters) may be worn. If oil particles (e.g. lubricants, cutting fluids, glycerine, etc.) are present, use a NIOSH type R or P filter. For emergencies or instances where the exposure levels are not known, use a full-face positive-pressure, air-supplied respirator. WARNING: Air-purifying respirators do not protect workers in oxygen-deficient atmospheres.

### Skin Protection:

Wear impervious protective clothing, including boots, gloves, lab coat, apron or coveralls, as appropriate, to prevent skin contact.

Eye Protection:

Use chemical safety goggles. Maintain eye wash fountain and quick-drench facilities in work area.

# 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance:

White crystals.

Odor:

No information found.

Solubility:

Slightly soluble in water.

Density:

No information found.

pH:

No information found.

% Volatiles by volume @ 21C (70F):

0

Boiling Point:

Not applicable.

Melting Point:

220 - 222C (428 - 432F)

Vapor Density (Air=1):

No information found.

Vapor Pressure (mm Hg):

No information found.

Evaporation Rate (BuAc=1):

No information found.

# 10. Stability and Reactivity

### Stability:

Stable under ordinary conditions of use and storage.

Hazardous Decomposition Products:

Carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide may form when heated to decomposition.

Hazardous Polymerization:

Will not occur.

Incompatibilities:

Strong oxidizers.

Conditions to Avoid:

Dusting and incompatibles.

### 11. Toxicological Information

Diethylenetriaminepentaacetic acid: Oral mouse LD50: 4840 mg/kg; Nitrilotriacetic acid; Oral rat LD50: 1100 mg/kg, Investigated as a tumorigen and a mutagen.

\Cancer Lists\			
	NTP	Carcinogen	
Ingredient	Known	Anticipated	IARC Category
Diethylenetriamine Pentaacetic Acid (67-43-6)	No	No	None
Nitrilotriacetic Acid (139-13-9)	No	Yes	2B

# 12. Ecological Information

Environmental Fate:

No information found.

Environmental Toxicity:

No information found.

### 13. Disposal Considerations

Whatever cannot be saved for recovery or recycling should be managed in an appropriate and approved waste disposal facility. Processing, use or contamination of this product may change the waste management options. State and local disposal regulations may differ from federal disposal regulations. Dispose of container and unused contents in accordance with federal, state and local requirements.

# 14. Transport Information

Not regulated.

# 15. Regulatory Information

\Chemical Inventory Status - Par Ingredient					Australia
Diethylenetriamine Pentaacetic Acid (67-4 Nitrilotriacetic Acid (139-13-9)	43-6)			Yes Yes	
\Chemical Inventory Status - Par	t 2\				
Ingredient		Korea		anada- NDS	- L Phil.
Diethylenetriamine Pentaacetic Acid (67-4 Nitrilotriacetic Acid (139-13-9)	43-6)	Yes Yes	Yes Yes		Yes Yes
	n 1 .		Dont	1\	
		A 302-		SA	RA 313
\Federal, State & International l Ingredient Diethylenetriamine Pentaacetic Acid (67-43-6)	-SAR RQ	A 302-	Li:	st Ch	
Ingredient	-SAR RQ 	A 302- TPQ	Li:	st Ch	RA 313 emical Cat <sub>8</sub>
Ingredient Diethylenetriamine Pentaacetic Acid (67-43-6)	-SAR RQ  No	A 302- TPQ  No No	No Yes	st Ch	RA 313———emical Cats No No TSCA—
Ingredient  Diethylenetriamine Pentaacetic Acid (67-43-6) Nitrilotriacetic Acid (139-13-9) \Federal, State & International	-SAR RQ  No No Regulat	A 302- TPQ  No No No cions -	No Yes	s 2\	RA 313 emical Cats  No  No  TSCA- 8(d)

SARA 311/312: Acute: Yes Chronic: Yes Fire: No Pressure: No

Reactivity: No (Mixture / Solid)

#### WARNING:

THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS A CHEMICAL(S) KNOWN TO THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA TO CAUSE CANCER.

Australian Hazchem Code: None allocated.

Poison Schedule: None allocated.

WHMIS:

This MSDS has been prepared according to the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

### 16. Other Information

NFPA Ratings: Health: 1 Flammability: 1 Reactivity: 0

### Label Hazard Warning:

WARNING! MAY BE HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED, INHALED OR ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN. CAUSES IRRITATION TO SKIN, EYES AND RESPIRATORY TRACT. AFFECTS KIDNEYS AND BLADDER. POSSIBLE CANCER HAZARD. MAY CAUSE CANCER BASED ON ANIMAL DATA. (contains Nitrilotriaacetic acid) Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

#### Label Precautions:

Do not breathe dust.

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

Keep container closed.

Use only with adequate ventilation.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

### Label First Aid:

If swallowed, induce vomiting immediately as directed by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes or skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. In all cases, get medical attention.

### Product Use:

Laboratory Reagent.

Revision Information:

No Changes.

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Prepared by: Environmental Health & Safety Phone Number: (314) 654-1600 (U.S.A.)