

# COBALT ACETATE

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## 1. Chemical Product And Company Identification

Company's Name: REAGENTS, INC.

Company's P. O. Box: 240746

Company's City: CHARLOTTE

Company's State: NC

Company's Country: US

Company's Zip Code: 28224

Company's Info Ph #: 704/554-7474, 800/732-8484

Date MSDS Prepared: April 4, 2003

**Synonyms:** Acetic acid, cobalt (2+) salt, tetrahydrate; cobalt acetate tetrahydrate; cobalt diacetate tetrahydrate

**CAS No.:** 71-48-7

**Molecular Weight:** 249.08

**Chemical Formula:**  $Co(C_2H_3O_2)_2 \cdot 4H_2O$

**Product Codes:** 1-18050, 2-18050

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## 2. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Ingredient	CAS No	Percent	Hazardous
Cobalt Acetate	71-48-7	90 - 100%	Yes

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## 3. Hazards Identification

### Emergency Overview

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**WARNING! HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED OR INHALED. CAUSES IRRITATION TO SKIN, EYES AND RESPIRATORY TRACT. MAY CAUSE ALLERGIC SKIN OR RESPIRATORY REACTION. CHRONIC EXPOSURE MAY AFFECT THYROID, LUNGS, HEART, AND KIDNEYS.**

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Health Rating: 1 - Slight

Flammability Rating: 0 - None

Reactivity Rating: 1 - Slight

Contact Rating: 1 - Slight

Lab Protective Equip: GOGGLES; LAB COAT

Storage Color Code: Green (General Storage)

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### Potential Health Effects

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**Inhalation:** Causes irritation to the respiratory tract, symptoms may include coughing, shortness of

*breath, and nausea. Respiratory hypersensitivity, asthma may appear. Inhalation of cobalt dust and fumes is associated with an increased incidence of lung disease.*

***Ingestion:*** *Causes abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting, flushing of the face and ears, mild hypotension, rash, and ringing in the ears. May have cumulative toxic action where elimination cannot keep pace with absorption. Large amounts depress erythrocyte production.*

***Skin Contact:*** *May cause dermatitis. Causes irritation to skin. Symptoms include redness, itching, and pain.*

***Eye Contact:*** *Causes irritation, redness, and pain.*

***Chronic Exposure:*** *Repeated oral administration may produce goiter and reduced thyroid activity. Prolonged or repeated skin exposure may cause dermatitis. Chronic exposure associated with kidney, heart and lung damage.*

***Aggravation of Pre-existing Conditions:*** *Persons with pre-existing skin disorders or eye problems, or impaired liver, kidney or respiratory function may be more susceptible to the effects of the substance. Persons with allergies or sensitivity to cobalt may also be more susceptible to the effects of the substance.*

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#### **4. First Aid Measures**

***Inhalation:*** *Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.*

***Ingestion:*** *Induce vomiting immediately as directed by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention.*

***Skin Contact:*** *Wipe off excess material from skin then immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.*

***Eye Contact:*** *Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, lifting lower and upper eyelids occasionally. Get medical attention immediately.*

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#### **5. Fire Fighting Measures**

***Fire:*** *Contact with strong oxidizers may cause fire.*

***Explosion:*** *Not considered to be an explosion hazard.*

***Fire Extinguishing Media:*** *Use any means suitable for extinguishing surrounding fire.*

***Special Information:*** *In the event of a fire, wear full protective clothing and NIOSH-approved self-contained breathing apparatus with full face-piece operated in the pressure demand or other positive pressure mode.*

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#### **6. Accidental Release Measures**

*Ventilate area of leak or spill. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment as specified in Section 8. Spills: Sweep up and containerize for reclamation or disposal. Vacuuming or wet sweeping may be used to avoid dust dispersal. US Regulations (CERCLA) require reporting spills and releases to soil, water and air in excess of reportable quantities. The toll free number for the US Coast Guard National Response Center is (800) 424-8802.*

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## 7. Handling and Storage

Keep in a tightly closed container, stored in a cool, dry, ventilated area. Protect against physical damage. Wash hands before eating and do not eat, drink, or smoke in workplace. Isolate from incompatible substances. Containers of this material may be hazardous when empty since they retain product residues (dust, solids); observe all warnings and precautions listed for the product.

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## 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

### **Airborne Exposure Limits:**

For Cobalt Compound:

-OSHA Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL):

0.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (TWA) Cobalt metal dust and fume as Co

-ACGIH Threshold Limit Value (TLV):

inorganic cobalt compounds: 0.02 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (TWA) as Co,

A3: Animal carcinogen.

**Ventilation System:** A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures below the Airborne Exposure Limits. Local exhaust ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at its source, preventing dispersion of it into the general work area. Please refer to the ACGIH document, *Industrial Ventilation, A Manual of Recommended Practices*, most recent edition, for details.

**Personal Respirators (NIOSH Approved):** If the exposure limit is exceeded, a half-face high efficiency dust/mist respirator may be worn for up to ten times the exposure limit or the maximum use concentration specified by the appropriate regulatory agency or respirator supplier, whichever is lowest. A full face-piece high efficiency dust/mist respirator may be worn up to 50 times the exposure limit, or the maximum use concentration specified by the appropriate regulatory agency or respirator supplier, whichever is lowest. For emergencies or instances where the exposure levels are not known, use a full face-piece positive-pressure, air-supplied respirator. **WARNING:** Air-purifying respirators do not protect workers in oxygen-deficient atmospheres.

**Skin Protection:** Wear protective gloves and clean body-covering clothing.

**Eye Protection:** Use chemical safety goggles and/or full face shield where dusting or splashing of solutions is possible. Maintain eye wash fountain and quick-drench facilities in work area.

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## 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

**Appearance:** Red crystals.

**Odor:** Vinegar-like odor.

**Solubility:** Readily soluble in water.

**Density:** 1.71 @ 19°C

**pH:** 6.8

**% Volatiles by volume @ 21°C (70°F):** 0

**Boiling Point:** No information found.

**Melting Point:** 140°C (284°F) Loses water

**Vapor Density (Air=1):** No information found.

**Vapor Pressure (mm Hg):** No information found.

**Evaporation Rate (BuAc=1):** No information found.

## 10. Stability and Reactivity

**Stability:** Stable under ordinary conditions of use and storage.

**Hazardous Decomposition Products:** May produce acrid smoke and irritating fumes when heated to decomposition. Cobalt oxide fumes may form in fire.

**Hazardous Polymerization:** Will not occur.

**Incompatibilities:** Strong oxidizers, tert-butyl hydroperoxide.

**Conditions to Avoid:** Incompatibles.

## 11. Toxicological Information

Oral rat LD<sub>50</sub>: 503 mg/kg; Irritation skin rabbit (STD Draize) 500 mg/24H (moderate) Investigated as a tumorigen and a reproductive effector.

-----\Cancer Lists\-----

Ingredient	---NTP Carcinogen---		
	Known	Anticipated	IARC Category
Cobalt Acetate (71-48-7)	No	No	2B

## 12. Ecological Information

**Environmental Fate:** No information found.

**Environmental Toxicity:** No information found.

## 13. Disposal Considerations

Whatever cannot be saved for recovery or recycling should be managed in an appropriate and approved waste disposal facility. Processing, use or contamination of this product may change the waste management options. State and local disposal regulations may differ from federal disposal regulations. Dispose of container and unused contents in accordance with federal, state and local requirements.

## 14. Transport Information

Not regulated.

## 15. Regulatory Information

-----\Chemical Inventory Status - Part I\-----

Ingredient	TSCA	EC	Japan	Australia
Cobalt Acetate (71-48-7)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

## -----\Chemical Inventory Status - Part 2-----

Ingredient	--Canada--			
	Korea	DSL	NDSL	Phil.
Cobalt Acetate (71-48-7)	Yes	Yes	No	No

## -----\Federal, State &amp; International Regulations - Part 1\-----

Ingredient	-SARA 302-		-----SARA 313-----	
	RQ	TPQ	List	Chemical Catg.
Cobalt Acetate (71-48-7)	No	No	No	Cobalt compo

## -----\Federal, State &amp; International Regulations - Part 2\-----

Ingredient	-RCRA-		-TSCA-
	CERCLA	261.33	8(d)
Cobalt Acetate (71-48-7)	1	No	No

Chemical Weapons Convention: No TSCA 12(b): No CDTA: No

SARA 311/312: Acute: Yes Chronic: Yes Fire: No Pressure: No

Reactivity: No (Mixture / Solid)

**Australian Hazchem Code:** No information found.

**Poison Schedule:** No information found.

**WHMIS:** This MSDS has been prepared according to the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

## 16. Other Information

**NFPA Ratings:** Health: 1 Flammability: 0 Reactivity: 0

**Label Hazard Warning:** WARNING! HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED OR INHALED. CAUSES IRRITATION TO SKIN, EYES AND RESPIRATORY TRACT. MAY CAUSE ALLERGIC SKIN OR RESPIRATORY REACTION. CHRONIC EXPOSURE MAY AFFECT THYROID, LUNGS, HEART, AND KIDNEYS.

**Label Precautions:**

Avoid breathing dust.

Keep container closed.

Use with adequate ventilation.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

**Label First Aid:** If swallowed, induce vomiting immediately as directed by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes or skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. In all cases, get medical attention.

*Product Use: Laboratory Reagent.*

**Disclaimer:**

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